## GE430 Differential Geometry 2 A.A. 2014/2015 Prof. Massimiliano Pontecorvo

## **Topics in Riemannian Geometry**

Prerequisite: Geometry of surfaces, Gaussian curvature.

1. Introduction. We will treat some aspects of the relation between Riemannian geometry and topology of manifolds. In particular, the aim is to prove Gauss-Bonnet theorem for surfaces and Hopf-Rinow theorem which holds in any dimension. Both results will be proved using the study of geodesics; namely the curves which, at least locally, minimize the distance on a Riemannian manifold.

2. Integration on surfaces. Area of a surface and total Gaussian curvature.

**3.** Covariant derivative. Covariant derivative of a tangent vector field. Parallel transport and geodesics. Geodesic curvature.

**4. Gauss-Bonnet theorem.** Proof of Gauss-Bonnet theorem, local and global version. Relations between topology and geometry of surfaces.

**5.** Hopf-Rinow theorem. Riemnnian manifolds of arbitrary dimension. The exponential map in Riemannian geometry. Convex neighborhoods. Complete manifolds: proof of Hopf-Rinow theorem. Applications: rigidity of the sphere.

6. Exercises. Written exercises at home and in class.

## Testi consigliati

- [1] M. DO CARMO, Differential Geometry of Curves and Surfaces. Prentice Hall, (1976).
- [2] M. DO CARMO, Riemannian Geometry. Birkäuser, (1992).
- [3] M.ABATE, F.TOVENA, Curve e Superfici. Springer, (2006).
- [4] MARCO ABATE, FRANCESCA TOVENA, Geometria Differenziale. Springer, (2011).

## Modalità d'esame

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